

Australia's National Science Agency

Typical meteorological year weather files for building energy modelling

User Guide

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1 Introduction

This report describes the development of typical meteorological year (TMY) weather files suitable for use by building energy simulation software that require weather data in the EnergyPlus (.epw) format.

In 2016, the New Zealand National Institute of Water and Atmospheric Research (NIWA) developed typical meteorological year weather files suitable for use in residential building energy simulations which use Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme (NatHERS) software. These weather files are known as Reference Meteorological Year (RMY) weather files. They are based on historical Bureau of Meteorology (BOM) weather data drawn from the period 1990 to 2015. To make these files suitable for use by software such as EnergyPlus, ESP-r and IESVE some parameters were added, and the file was converted to the format (.epw) required by the software. Figure 1 gives an overview of the process by which the typical meteorological year weather files were created.

Section 2 describes the typical meteorological year weather dataset. Section 1 describes the transformations necessary for converting the typical meteorological year weather files suitable for NatHERS software to the format and content required by software such as EnergyPlus, ESP-r and IESVE (in .epw format).



Figure 1 Overview of creation of typical meteorological year weather files

2 The dataset

The typical meteorological year weather dataset 'Typical meteorological year weather files in .epw format' consists of 83 text files in a single zip file. Each text file contains one year of weather data in hourly intervals for one of 83 Australian locations.

The typical meteorological year weather data is based on historical weather data drawn from the years 1990 to 2015.

The data is in the EnergyPlus (.epw) format and can be used by building simulation software such as EnergyPlus, ESP-r, and IESVE.

2.1 File naming

Each of the 83 files in the dataset has a unique name of the form:

```
nn_CZmmmm_aa_NH16_TMY.epw
```

For example:

60_CZ0607_TU_NH16_TMY.epw

Where:

nn = NatHERS climate zone

mmmm = Australian Climate Data Bank (ACDB) climate zone

aa = Location name code

2.2 Locations

Typical meteorological year weather files exist for 83 locations around Australia (Table 1).

Table 1 Locations

NATHERS CLIMATE ZONE	ACDB CLIMATE ZONE	LOCATION CODE	LOCATION NAME	POSTCODE	STATE	LONGITUDE	LATITUDE
1	CZ0101	DA	Darwin	800	NT	130.9	-12.4
2	CZ0110	HE	Pt Hedland	6721	WA	118.6	-20.4
3	CZ0304	LO	Longreach	4730	QLD	144.3	-23.4
4	CZ0307	CR	Carnarvon	6701	WA	113.7	-24.9
5	CZ0109	то	Townsville	4810	QLD	146.8	-19.3
6	CZ0306	AL	Alice Springs	870	NT	133.9	-23.8
7	CZ0202	RO	Rockhampton	4700	QLD	150.5	-23.4
8	CZ0404	MO	Moree	2400	NSW	149.9	-29.5
9	CZ0206	AM	Amberley	4306	QLD	152.7	-27.6
10	CZ0205	BR	Brisbane	4000	QLD	153.1	-27.4

NATHERS CLIMATE ZONE	ACDB CLIMATE ZONE	LOCATION CODE	LOCATION NAME	POSTCODE	STATE	LONGITUDE	LATITUDE
11	CZ0207	СН	Coffs Harbour	2450	NSW	153.1	-30.3
12	CZ0503	GE	Geraldton	6530	WA	114.7	-28.8
13	CZ0505	PE	Perth	6000	WA	115.9	-31.9
14	CZ0701	AA	Armidale (old Tamworth)	2350	NSW	151.7	-30.5
15	CZ0509	WE	Williamtown	2300	NSW	151.8	-32.8
16	CZ0514	AD	Adelaide	5000	SA	138.6	-34.9
17	CZ0512	SY	Sydney RO (Observatory Hill)	2000	NSW	151.2	-33.9
18	CZ0604	NO	Nowra	2541	NSW	150.5	-35
19	CZ0310	CV	Charleville	4470	QLD	146.3	-26.4
20	CZ0414	WA	Wagga	2650	NSW	147.5	-35.2
21	CZ0609	ME	Melbourne RO	3000	VIC	145	-37.8
22	CZ0612	SE	East Sale	3852	VIC	147.1	-38.1
23	CZ0707	LT	Launceston (Ti Tree Bend)	7250	TAS	147.1	-41.4
24	CZ0703	CA	Canberra	2600	ACT	149.2	-35.3
25	CZ0801	CM	Cabramurra (old Alpine)	2629	NSW	148.4	-35.9
26	CZ0709	НО	Hobart	7000	TAS	147.5	-42.8
27	CZ0413	MI	Mildura	3500	VIC	142.1	-34.2
28	CZ0602	RI	Richmond	2753	NSW	150.8	-33.6
29	CZ0102	WP	Weipa	4874	QLD	141.9	-12.7
30	CZ0104	WY	Wyndham	6740	WA	128.1	-15.5
31	CZ0105	WS	Willis Island	4871	QLD	150	-16.3
32	CZ0106	CN	Cairns	4870	QLD	145.8	-16.9
33	CZ0108	BM	Broome	6725	WA	122.2	-18
34	CZ0111	LM	Learmonth	6707	WA	114.1	-22.2
35	CZ0201	МК	Mackay	4740	QLD	149.2	-21.1
36	CZ0203	GL	Gladstone	4680	QLD	151.3	-23.9
37	CZ0301	HA	Halls Creek	6770	WA	127.7	-18.2
38	CZ0302	TE	Tennant Creek	860	NT	134.1	-19.6
39	CZ0303	IS	Mt Isa	4825	QLD	149.2	-21.1
40	CZ0305	NE	Newman	6753	WA	119.7	-23.4
41	CZ0401	GI	Giles	6438	WA	128.3	-25
42	CZ0402	MT	Meekatharra	6642	WA	118.5	-26.6
43	CZ0403	00	Oodnadatta	5734	SA	135.5	-27.6
44	CZ0406	КА	Kalgoorlie	6430	WA	121.5	-30.8
45	CZ0408	WO	Woomera	5720	SA	136.8	-31.2
46	CZ0409	СО	Cobar	2835	NSW	145.8	-31.5
47	CZ0410	BI	Bickley	6076	WA	116.1	-32

NATHERS CLIMATE ZONE	ACDB CLIMATE ZONE	LOCATION CODE	LOCATION NAME	POSTCODE	STATE	LONGITUDE	LATITUDE
48	CZ0411	DU	Dubbo	2830	NSW	148.6	-32.2
49	CZ0412	КТ	Katanning	6317	WA	117.6	-33.7
50	CZ0501	OA	Oakey	4401	QLD	151.7	-27.4
51	CZ0504	FO	Forrest	6434	WA	128.1	-30.8
52	CZ0506	SW	Swanbourne	6010	WA	115.8	-32
53	CZ0507	CE	Ceduna	5690	SA	133.7	-32.1
54	CZ0508	MD	Mandurah	6210	WA	115.7	-32.5
55	CZ0510	EP	Esperance	6450	WA	121.9	-33.8
56	CZ0513	MA	Mascot (Sydney Airport)	2020	NSW	151.2	-33.9
57	CZ0603	MJ	Manjimup	6258	WA	116.1	-34.2
58	CZ0605	AB	Albany	6330	WA	117.8	-35
59	CZ0606	ML	Mt Lofty	5240	SA	138.7	-35
60	CZ0607	TU	Tullamarine (Melbourne Airport)	3020	VIC	144.9	-37.7
61	CZ0610	MG	Mt Gambier	5290	SA	140.8	-37.8
62	CZ0611	MR	Moorabbin	3189	VIC	145.1	-38
63	CZ0613	WR	Warrnambool	3280	VIC	142.4	-38.3
64	CZ0614	ОТ	Cape Otway	3220	VIC	143.5	-38.9
65	CZ0702	OR	Orange	2800	NSW	149.1	-33.4
66	CZ0705	BA	Ballarat	3350	VIC	143.8	-37.5
67	CZ0706	LD	Low Head	7253	TAS	146.8	-41.1
68	CZ0708	LU	Launceston Airport	7120	TAS	147.2	-41.5
69	CZ0802	TH	Thredbo (Village)	2625	NSW	148.3	-36.5
70	CZ0502	TW	Toowoomba	4350	QLD	151.9	-27.6
71	CZ0107	AT	Atherton	4880	QLD	145.5	-17.3
72	CZ0405	RX	Roxby Downs	5725	SA	136.9	-30.5
73	CZ0204	MN	Maleny	4552	QLD	152.9	-26.8
74	CZ0103	KN	Katherine	853	NT	132.3	-14.4
75	CZ0515	AC	Adelaide Coastal (AMO)	5950	SA	138.5	-35
76	CZ0407	ТА	Tamworth	2340	NSW	150.8	-31.1
77	CZ0511	PA	Parramatta	2200	NSW	151	-33.8
78	CZ0704	SU	Sub-Alpine (Cooma Airport)	2630	NSW	149	-36.3
79	CZ0601	BL	Blue Mountains	2785	NSW	149	-21.5
80	CZ0608	CS	Coldstream	3770	VIC	145.4	-37.7
81	CZ0516	BU	Busselton	6280	WA	115.4	-33.7
82	CZ0208	GM	Glasshouse mountains	4519	QLD	153	-27
83	CZ0112	XI	Christmas Island	6798	WA	96.8	-12.2

2.3 EnergyPlus weather file (.epw) format

The EnergyPlus weather file format (.epw) is a text format with variable values separated by commas. The file structure is shown in Table 2. A sample of the data is shown in Figure 2.

The format is based on TMY2 which is a strict, position-specific format, with missing data filled with nines. SI units were used for all the data. Each weather file has basic (header) information followed by time step data.

The first eight lines provide basic information, including longitude, latitude, time zone, elevation, annual design conditions, monthly average ground temperatures, typical and extreme periods, holidays/daylight savings periods, and data periods.

The remaining lines provide time step data, including Dry Bulb Temperature, Dew Point Temperature, Relative Humidity, Atmospheric Station Pressure, Radiation (Extraterrestrial Horizontal, Extraterrestrial Direct Normal, Horizontal Infrared Radiation from Sky, Global Horizontal, Direct Normal, Diffuse Horizontal), Illuminance (Global Horizontal, Direct Normal, Diffuse Horizontal, Zenith), Wind (Direction, Speed), Sky Cover (Total, Opaque, Visibility, Ceiling Height), Present Weather (Observation, Codes), Precipitable Water, Aerosol Optical Depth, and Snow (Depth, Days Since Last Snowfall). Table 2 EnergyPlus (.epw) weather file format (adapted from Crawley, Lawrie and Hand, 1999)

- LOCATION, A1 [City], A2 [State Province Region], A3 [Country], A4 [Data Source], N1 [WMO Number], N2 [Latitude {+N –S: -90.0 to +90.0: degrees minutes in decimal}], N3 [Longitude {-W +E: -180.0 to +180.0:degrees minutes in decimal}], N4 [Time Zone {-12.00 to +12.00: GMT-12 to GMT+12: partial hours in decimal}], N5 [Elevation {m: -1000.0 to +9999.9}],
- DESIGN CONDITIONS, N1 [Annual Extreme Daily Mean Maximum Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N2 [Annual Extreme Daily Mean Minimum Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N3 [Annual Extreme Daily Standard Deviation Minimum Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N5 [99.6% Heating Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N6 [99% Heating Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N7 [98% Heating Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N8 [0.4% Cooling Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N9 [0.4% Mean Coincident Wet Bulb Temp{C}], N10 [1.0% Cooling Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N11 [1.0% Mean Coincident Wet Bulb Temp {C}], N12 [2.0% Cooling Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N13 [2.0% Mean Coincident Wet Bulb Temp {C}], N14 [0.4% Cooling Dew Point Temp {C}], N15 [0.4% Mean Coincident Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N16 [0.4% Humidity Ratio {g/kg}], N17 [0.4% Relative Humidity], N18 [1.0% Cooling Dew Point Temp {C}], N19 [1.0% Mean Coincident Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N20 [1.0% Humidity Ratio {g/kg}], N21 [1.0% Relative Humidity], N22 [2.0% Cooling Dew Point Temp {C}], N23 [2.0% Mean Coincident Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N24 [2.0% Humidity Ratio {g/kg}], N25 [2.0% Relative Humidity], N26 [Daily Range of Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N27 [Heating Degree Days Base Temp {C}], N28 [Heating Degree Days]
- TYPICAL/EXTREME PERIODS, N1 [Number of Typical/Extreme Periods], A1[Typical/Extreme Period 1], A2 [Period 1 Start Day], A3 [Period 1 End Day], A4 [Typical/Extreme Period 2], A5 [Period 2 Start Day], A6 [Period 2 End Day], A7 [Typical/Extreme Period 3], A8 [Period 3 Start Day], A9 [Period 3 End Day], A10 [Typical/Extreme Period 4], A11 [Period 4 Start Day], A12 [Period 4 End Day], A13 [Typical/Extreme Period 5], A14 [Period 5 Start Day], A15 [Period 5 End Day], A16 [Typical/Extreme Period 6], A17 [Period 6 Start Day], A18 [Period 6 End Day], A19 [Typical/Extreme Period 7], A20 [Period 7 Start Day], A21 [Period 7 End Day], A22 [Typical/Extreme Period 8], A23 [Period 8 Start Day], A24 [Period 8 End Day]
- GROUND TEMPERATURES, N1 [Number of Ground Temp Depths], N2 [Ground Temp Depth 1 {m}], N3 [Depth 1 Soil Conductivity {W/(mK)}], N4 [Depth 1 Soil Density {kg/m3}], N5 [Depth 1 Soil Specific Heat {kJ/(kgK)}], N6 [Depth 1 January Average Ground Temp {C}], N7 [Depth 1 February Average Ground Temp {C}], N8 [Depth 1 March Average Ground Temp {C}], N9 [Depth 1 April Average Ground Temp {C}], N10 [Depth 1 May Average Ground Temp {C}], N11 [Depth 1 June Average Ground Temp {C}], N12 [Depth 1 July Average Ground Temp {C}], N13 [Depth 1 August Average Ground Temp {C}], N14 [Depth 1 September Average Ground Temp {C}], N15 [Depth 1 October Average Ground Temp {C}], N16 [Depth 1 November Average Ground Temp {C}], N17 [Depth 1 December Average Ground Temp {C}], N18 [Ground Temp Depth 2{m}], N19 [Depth 2 Soil Conductivity {W/(mK)}], N20 [Depth 2 Soil Density {kg/m3}], N21 [Depth 2 Soil Specific Heat {kJ/(kgK)}], N22 [Depth 2 January Average Ground Temp {C}], N23 [Depth 2 February Average Ground Temp {C}], N24 [Depth 2 March Average Ground Temp {C}], N25 [Depth 2 April Average Ground Temp {C}], N26 [Depth 2 May Average Ground Temp {C}], N27 [Depth 2 June Average Ground Temp {C}], N26 [Depth 2 August Average Ground Temp {C}], N27 [Depth 2 June Average Ground Temp {C}], N29 [Depth 2 August Average Ground Temp {C}], N27 [Depth 2 June Average Ground Temp {C}], N29 [Depth 2 August Average Ground Temp {C}], N27 [Depth 2 June Average Ground Temp {C}], N28 [Depth 2 October Average Ground Temp {C}], N29 [Depth 2 August Average Ground Temp {C}], N33 [Depth 2 December Average Ground Temp {C}], N31 [Depth 3 Soil Conductivity {W/(mK)}], N36 [Depth 3 Soil Density {kg/m3}], N37 [Depth 3 Soil Specific Heat {kJ/(kgK)}], N38 [Depth 3 January Average Ground Temp {C}], N39 [Depth 3 Soil Conductivity {W/(mK)}], N36 [Depth 3 Soil Density {kg/m3}], N37 [Depth 3 Soil Specific Heat {kJ/(kgK)}], N38 [Depth 3 January Average Ground Temp {C}], N43 [Depth 3 Average Ground Temp {C}], N44 [Depth 3 April Average Ground Temp {C}], N42 [Depth 3 August A

- HOLIDAYS/DAYLIGHT SAVINGS, A1 [Day of Week], A2 [Daylight Savings Start Day], A3 [Daylight Savings End Day], N1 [Number of Holidays, A4 [Holiday 1 Name], A5 [Holiday 1 Day], ..., Ax [Holiday N Name], Ay [Holiday N Day]
- COMMENTS 1, A1 [Comments 1]
- COMMENTS 2, A1 [Comments 2]
- DATA PERIODS, N1 [Number of Data Periods], A1 [Data Period 1 Name/Description], A2 [Data Period 1 Start Day], A3 [Data Period 1 End Day], A4 [Data Period 2 Name/Description], A5 [Data Period 2 Start Day], A6 [Data Period 2 End Day], A7 [Data Period 3 Name/Description], A8 [Data Period 3 Start Day], A9 [Data Period 3 End Day], A10 [Data Period 4 Name/Description], A11 [Data Period 4 Start Day], A12 [Data Period 4 End Day], A13 [Data Period 5 Name/Description], A14 [Data Period 5 Start Day], A15 [Data Period 5 End Day], A16 [Data Period 6 Name/Description], A17 [Data Period 6 Start Day], A18 [Data Period 6 End Day], A19 [Data Period 7 Name/Description], A20 [Data Period 7 Start Day], A21 [Data Period 7 End Day], A22 [Data Period 8 Name/Description], A23 [Data Period 8 Start Day], A24 [Data Period 8 End Day], A25 [Data Period 9 Name/Description], A26 [Data Period 9 Start Day], A27 [Data Period 9 End Day], A28 [Data Period 10 Name/Description], A29 [Data Period 10 Start Day], A30 [Data Period 10 End Day], A31 [Data Period 11 Name/Description], A32 [Data Period 11 Start Day], A33 [Data Period 11 End Day], A34 [Data Period 12 Name/Description], A35 [Data Period 12 Start Day], A36 [Data Period 12 End Day]
- N1 [Year], N2 [Month {1-12}], N3 [Day {1-31}], N4 [Hour {0-23}], N5 [Minute {0-59}], A1 [Data Source and Uncertainty Flags], N6 [Dry Bulb Temp {C}], N7 [Dew Point Temp {C}], N8 [Relative Humidity {0.0 to 1.0}], N9 [Atmospheric Station Pressure {mb}], N10 [Extraterrestrial Horizontal Radiation {Wh/m2}], N11 [Extraterrestrial Direct Normal Radiation {Wh/m2}], N12 [Horizontal Infrared Radiation from Sky {Wh/m2}], N13 [Global Horizontal Radiation {Wh/m2}], N14 [Direct Normal Radiation {Wh/m2}], N15 [Diffuse Horizontal Radiation {Wh/m2}], N16 [Global Horizontal Illuminance {lux}], N17 [Direct NormalIlluminance {lux}], N19 [Zenith Luminance {Cd/m2}], N20 [Wind Direction {degrees}], N21 [Wind Speed {m/s}], N22 [Total Sky Cover], N23 [Opaque Sky Cover], N24 [Visibility {km}], N25 [Ceiling Height {m}], N26 [Present Weather Observation], A2 [Present Weather Codes], N27 [Precipitable Water {mm}], N28 [Aerosol Optical Depth {thousandths}], N29 [Snow Depth {cm}], N30 [Days Since Last Snowfall]

LOCATION.Mascot (Sydney AP),NSW,Australia,NatHERS-TMY2 BoM 66037 CZ0513,947670,-33.94,151.17,10.0,5 DESIGN CONDITIONS.0 TYPICAL/EXTREME PERIODS.0 **GROUND TEMPERATURES,0** HOLIDAYS/DAYLIGHT SAVING,No,0,0,0 COMMENTS 1,TMY2 months selected from 1990- 2016 out of 26 years of data; after Marion & Urban (1995), US National Renewable Energy Lab, NREL/SP-463-7668. Data reliability GOOD. COMMENTS 2, Weights: T dry 0.20, T dew 0.20, Wind 0.10, R glob 0.25, R dir 0.25. Details in NIWA Client report 2019175WN, Ben Liley @Ben.Liley@niwa.co.nz>, Apr 2020. DATA PERIODS,1,1,TMY2 Year,Sunday,1/1,12/31 2070.01.01.01.60.E8E8E8820737373I4I4I6I5B8B8E8882070E870202.07.12.5.59.101800.0.1407.9999.0.0.0.0.0.0.315.2.4.1.99.9999.99999.9.99999999999.23.0.999.999 2070.01.01.03.60.A7A7A7A7?0?3?3?3I4I4I6I5A7A7E8E8?0?0A7?0?0?0.20.9.12.4.58,101600.0.1407.9999.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.337,2.9.1.99.9999.99999.9.99999999999.23,0.999.999.999 2070,01,01,06,60,A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A77?0?0A7?0?0?0,19.2,12.5,65,101600,16,1407,9999,5,4,5,8544,4612,3949,26,360,2.4,1,99,9999,99999,9999999999999999,23,0.999,999 2070,01,01,09,60,A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A77?0?0A7?0?0?0,23.4,11.0,45,101700,832,1407,9999,655,1056,32,81360,99141,12138,190,360,5.5,0,99,9999,999999,9,999999999,21,0.9999,999 2070.01.01.10.60.A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A77?0?0A7?0?0?0.25.1.11.0.40.101700.1056.1407.9999.862.1106.42.98685.101725.14038.279.360.3.4.0.99.99999.999999.999999999.21.0.999.9999 2070.01.01.12.60.A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A77?0?0A7?0?0?0.27.0.10.9.36.101600.1341.1407.9999.1104.1093.61.116454.103322.14882.715.45.4.0.0.99.9999.9.99999.9.9999999.20.0.999.9.99 2070.01.01.14.60.A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A77?0?0A7?0?028.4.10.5.32.101500.1348.1407.9999.1107.1094.59.109506.103117.13644.696.45.7.9.0.99.9999.9.99999.9.99999999.21.0.999.9.99 2070,01,01,16,60,A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A77?0?0A7?0?0?0,28.4,10.2,31,101400,1077,1407,9999,862,1092,42,79218,100550,9414,226,45,7.9,0,99,9999,999999,9,99999999,22,0.9999,999 2070.01.01.17.60.A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A7A7?0?0A7?0?0?0.28.3.11.5.35.101400.857.1407.9999.664.1056.33.55871.92101.8104.158.45.8.2.1.99.9999.9.99999.9.9999999.22.0.999.999 2070.01.01.18.60.A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A77?0?0A7?0?0?0.27.9.11.5.36.101400.600.1407.9999.426.927.31.30087.71823.7243.122.45.7.9.3.99.9999.999999.9.99999999.23.0.999.999 2070,01,01,19,60,A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A7A7?0?0A7?0?0?0,26.6,12.4,41,101500,322,1407,9999,172,535,49,3153,57,3156,111,45,7.4,8,99,9999,99999999999999999,25,0.9999,999 2070,01,01,20,60,A7A7A7A7?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A7A7?0?0A7?0?0A7?0?025.6,13.5,46,101600,44,1407,9999,0,0,0,0,0,0,45,6.4,1,99,9999,9,999999,9,99999999,26,0.999,999 2070.01.01.21.60.A7A7A7A7?0?3?3?3I4I4I6I5A7A7A77?0?0A7?0?0?0.24.9.14.1.50.101600.0.1407.9999.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.22.6.9.1.99.9999.9.99999.9.99999999.27.0.999.999 2070.01.01.23.60.A7A7A7A720?3?3?3I4I4I6I5A7A7A77?0?0A7?0?024.2.15.0.56.101700.0.1407.9999.0.0.0.0.0.45.4.5.2.99.9999.9.99999.9.99999999.28.0.999.999 2070,01,02,03,60,A7A7A7A720?3?3?314I4I6I5A7A7A7A7?0?0A7?0?00A7?0?021.9,15.6,67,101600,0,1407,9999,0,0,0,0,0,337,1.8,1,99,9999,.999999,9,999999999,28,0.999,999 2070.01.02.05.60.A7A7A7A7?0?3?3?314I4I6I5A7A7A7A7?0?0A7?0?02.02.9.15.3.70.101600.0.1407.9999.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.315.2.1.1.99.9999.99999.9.99999999999.28.0.999.999 2070,01,02,08,60,A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A7A7?0?0A7?0?0?0,23.8,15.0,57,101800,569,1407,9999,396,849,52,56934,90188,7128,119,337,2.4,1,99,9999,999999,9999999999,26,0.999,999 2070.01.02.09.60.A7A7A7A7?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A7A7?0?0A7?0?0?0.25.4.14.2.49.101800.829.1407.9999.632.994.45.79744.99804.8701.162.360.4.8.1.99.9999.99999.9.99999999.24.0.999.9.99 2070.01.02.10.60.A7A7A7A7?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A7A7?0?0A7?0?026.5.12.6.41.101800.1054.1407.9999.834.1045.50.97193.102142.11042.243.22.5.5.1.99.9999.99999.9.99999999.22.0.999.999 2070.01.02.12.60.A7A7A77?0A3A3D3I4I4I6I5A7A7A77?0?0A7?0?0?0.28.3.10.5.32.101800.1340.1407.9999.1077.1041.85.114034.102750.12317.605.22.8.2.1.99.9999.99999.99999999.20.0.999.999

Figure 2 Sample of .epw format data

CSIRO methodology for converting weather 3 files in NatHERS format to .epw format

In 2016, the New Zealand National Institute of Water and Atmospheric Research (NIWA) developed typical meteorological year weather files suitable for use in Australian residential building energy simulations which use Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme (NatHERS) software (NIWA 2017). These weather files are known as Reference Meteorological Year (RMY) weather files. They are based on 26 years of historical weather data from the period 1990-2015. The NatHERS RMY weather file has a position-specific text format. The file structure is shown in Figure 3. A sample of the data is shown in Figure 4. Weather data includes dry bulb temperature, absolute humidity, atmospheric pressure, wind (speed, direction), solar radiation (global, direct, diffuse), cloud cover, solar altitude, and solar azimuth.

To make these files suitable for use by software such as EnergyPlus, ESP-r, and IESVE, some parameters were added, and the file was converted to the format (.epw) required by the software. The EnergyPlus (.epw) format requires some variables that are not contained in the NatHERS RMY format, such as relative humidity and dew point temperature. The critical variables were derived from variables contained within the NatHERS RMY files. Other values were filled with values from a version of the 2016 TMY weather files that was created by a third party (referred to as '2016 Non-CSIRO TMY weather files').

Relative Humidity and Dew Point Temperature were calculated using the NatHERS variables Dry Bulb Temperature, Absolute Humidity, and Atmospheric Pressure as described in Equations 6-10 (Snyder 2005, Buck 1981).

$RH = \frac{P_v}{P_s} \times 100$	(6)
$P_{\nu} = \frac{AH \times (T+273.16)}{2165}$	(7)
$P_s = (1.0007 + 3.46 \times P \times 10^{-6}) \times 6.1121 \times e^{17.502T/(240.97+T)}$	(8)
$T_d = \frac{237.3 \times b}{1}$	(9)

$$b = \frac{LN\left(\frac{RH}{100}\right)}{17.27} + \frac{T}{237.3+T}$$
(10)

Where:

1-b

- *RH* is the relative humidity (%)
- P_{v} is the vapour pressure of the air (mbar)
- P_s is the saturation vapour pressure of the air (mbar)
- AH is the absolute humidity (g/m³)
- T is the dry-bulb temperature of the air (°C)
- *P* is the absolute pressure of the air (mbar)
- *T_d* is the dew point temperature (°C)

Some variables have different units and conversion was necessary to account for this (e.g. conversion from kPa to mb for Atmospheric Pressure). Table 3 summarises the origin of each variable value in the EnergyPlus (.epw) format.

```
Characters
                       Ttem
  1 - 2 location identification (e.g.ME represents Melbourne)
  3 - 4 year (e.g. 67)
  5 - 6 month (i.e. 1 - 12)
  7 - 8 day (i.e. 1 - 31)
 9 - 10 hour standard (i.e. 0-23, 0 = midnight)
 11 - 14 dry bulb temperature (10-1 °C)
 15 - 17 absolute moisture content (10-1 g/kg) \,
18 - 21 atmospheric pressure (10-1 kPa)
 22 - 24 wind speed (10-1 m/s)
 25 - 26 wind direction (0-16; 0 = CALM. 1 = NNE ,..., 16 = N)
 27
         total cloud cover (oktas, 0 - 8)
 28
         flag relating to dry bulb temperature
 29
         flag relating to absolute moisture content
 30
         flag relating to atmospheric pressure
 31
         flag relating to wind speed and direction
 32
         flag relating to total cloud cover
 33
        blank
 34 - 37 global solar irradiance on a horizontal plane (W/m2)
38 - 40 diffuse solar irradiance on a horizontal plane (W/m2)
 41 - 44 direct solar irradiance on a plane normal to the beam (W/m2)
 45 - 46 solar altitude (degrees, 0-90)
 47 - 49 solar azimuth (degrees, 0-360)
         flag relating to global and diffuse solar irradiance
 50
 51
         flaq
                                              }
 52 - 56 Australian Met Station Number
                                              } Some locations only
 57 - 61 wet bulb temperature (10-1 ^{\circ}C)
                                              }
 62 - 81 Station name (first line only)
                                              }
 Values for flags relating to standard surface meteorological data (columns 28 - 32)
 0 means that the value is measured value
 1 means that the value is estimated to replace a missing measurement
 2 means that the value is an interpolating between three-hourly measurements
 3
   missing value
  Values for flag relating to solar radiation data (column 50)
 0 means that both global and diffuse irradiance values are based on measurements
 1 means that both global and diffuse irradiance values are estimated to
    replace a missing measurement
 2 means that the global irradiance value is based on measurement but the
   diffuse irradiance value is estimated to replace a missing measurement
 3 missing value or estimated value from cloud cover data
 4
   interpolated value from three hourly data
```

Figure 3 NatHERS weather file structure

MA1201010207951018241410000100000018131320MA1201011208951016251511112100000016531320MA1201012209951016291510000100000015031320MA120101320394101629151000010000013731320MA120101419093101624141000000000012731320
MA120101120895101625151111210000016531320MA120101220995101629151000010000015031320MA120101320394101629151000010000013731320MA120101419093101624141000000000012731320
MA120101220995101629151000010000015031320MA12010132039410162915100001000013731320MA12010141909310162414100000000012731320
MA120101 3 203 941016 29151000010 0 0 0 013731320 MA120101 4 190 931016 24141000000 0 0 0 012731320
MA120101 4 190 931016 24141000000 0 0 0 012731320
MAI20101 4 190 931010 24141000000 0 0 0 0 012/31320
MA120101 5 192 951016 24161000000 5 5 4 111800020
MA120101 6 196 951017 29151000000 176 42 6371211000020
MA120101 7 210 951017 29141000000 416 37 9332410300020
MA120101 8 234 871017 55161000000 655 32105636 9500020
Ma120101 9 251 871017 34160000000 862 42110649 8700020
Mal2010110 265 871017 40160000001007 4010061 7600020
MAI2010111 270 871016 40 21000001104 61109372 5600020
MA12010112 279 861016 58 200000001135 72108179 400020
MA12010113 284 861015 79 200000001107 5910947330700020
MA12010114 290 881015 82 20000001011 4910976228500020
MA12010115 284 841014 79 20000000 862 4210925027400020
Mal2010116 283 921014 82 2000000 664 3310563826600020
MAIZUIUII/ 2/9 921014 /9 2100000 426 31 92/2525800020
MA12010118 266 971015 74 23000000 172 49 5351325100020
MA12010119 2561041016 64 27000000 0 0 0 224300020
MA12010120 2491071016 69 11000000 0 0 0 023400020
MA12010121 2431101017 45 21000000 0 0 0 022431320
Ma12010122 2421131017 45 22000000 0 0 0 021231320
$M_{2} = 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2$
MAI2010123 2351101017 45 22000000 0 0 0 019751520
MA120102 0 23111/101/ 24 2200000 0 0 0 018131320
MA120102 1 2301191016 24 11000000 0 0 0 016531320
MA120102 2 2191171016 18151001000 0 0 0 015031320
MA120102 3 2191151016 13161000000 0 0 0 013731320
MA120102 4 2091151016 21141000000 0 0 0 012731320
$M_{2} = 20102 5 2091141017 2414100000 4 4 1 111800020$
$M_{2} = 212 + 212 + 1$
MALEUTUZ U ZI/TISTUT/ ZIISTUUUUU 102 SZ SSITZITUUUUZU
MAI20102 / 2381131018 24151000000 396 52 8492410300020
MA120102 8 2541081018 48161000000 632 45 99436 9500020
MA120102 9 265 981018 55 11000000 834 50104549 8700020
MA12010210 279 931018 79 21000000 985 65105261 7600020
MA12010211 283 851018 82 120000001077 85104172 5600020
Mal2010212 293 851017 79 100000001104102102079 400020
MAL2UIUZIS 299 91101/ 88 20000001081 801043/330800020
MAI2010214 296 961016 98 21000000 994 5510596228600020
MA12010215 2931001016 98 20000000 845 4110495027400020
MA12010216 2841031015 93 20000000 641 36 9913826600020
MA12010217 2781111015 98 21000000 401 50 8212525800020
Ma12010218 2771171015 98 24000000 157 62 4171325100020
$M_{12} = 0.0210 + 0.0210 + 0.0210 + 0.0210 + 0.0210 + 0.0220 + 0.0020 + 0$
MA12010219 20010101010 27000000 0 0 0 22400020
MAI2010220 2591181016 88 1100000 0 0 0 023500020
MA12010221 2541171017 82 11000000 0 0 0 022431320
MA12010222 2521171017 79 11000010 0 0 0 021231320

Figure 4 Sample of NatHERS weather file data

Table 3 Origin of weather variables in .epw files

ENERGYPLUS (.EPW) VARIABLE	ORIGIN			
Dry Bulb Temp	NatHERS Dry bulb temperature with change of unit			
Dew Point Temp	Calculated using NatHERS Dry Bulb Temperature, Absolute Moisture Content, and Atmospheric Pressure (Eq 6-10)			
Relative Humidity	Calculated using NatHERS Dry Bulb Temperature, Absolute Moisture Content, and Atmospheric Pressure (Eq 6-8)			
Atmospheric Station Pressure	NatHERS Atmospheric pressure with change of unit			
Extraterrestrial Horizontal Radiation	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Extraterrestrial Direct Normal Radiation	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Horizontal Infrared Radiation from Sky	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Global Horizontal Radiation	NatHERS Global solar irradiance on a horizontal plane			
Direct Normal Radiation	NatHERS Direct solar irradiance on a plane normal to the beam			
Diffuse Horizontal Radiation	NatHERS Diffuse solar irradiance on a horizontal plane			
Global Horizontal Illuminance	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Direct Normal Illuminance	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Diffuse Horizontal Illuminance	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Zenith Luminance	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Wind Direction	2016 RMY NatHERS Wind direction with change of unit			
Wind Speed	NatHERS Wind speed with change of unit			
Total Sky Cover	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Opaque Sky Cover	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Visibility	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Ceiling Height	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Present Weather Observation	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Present Weather Codes	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Precipitable Water	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Aerosol Optical Depth	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Snow Depth	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			
Days Since Last Snowfall	As per 2016 Non-CSIRO TMY			

4 QA and feedback process

4.1 QA process

The 2016 RMY weather files were developed and converted to .epw format by the New Zealand National Institute of Water and Atmospheric Research (NIWA) under contract from the Australian Commonwealth Department of Industry, Science, Energy and Resources (the department). The department provided these files to the CSIRO who reviewed the files and ran EnergyPlus with a sample of the .epw files.

CSIRO found that the files could be used in EnergyPlus and identified some errors in the data periods, which they rectified.

All of the files were then provided to an independent consultant with access to IES-VE who reviewed them. The consultant found that the files were usable in IES-VE and identified some errors in the relative humidity data (with some values greater than 100%).

The CSIRO addressed these errors by:

- 1. Replacing the three points of absolute humidity with negative values with the data derived from the two hours before and after these three points using a linear approach
- 2. Replacing estimated relative humidity greater than 100% with 100%
- 3. Replacing estimated relative humidity less than 1% with 1% for .epw files
- 4. Leaving dew point temperature found to be less than -30°C as it was, since there was no reliable data on which to base modification

The independent consultant re-checked a sample of five representative files and found that the errors in the sample had been corrected and the files were usable in IES-VE.

4.2 Feedback process

Please provide feedback on the usability and functionality of this weather data to the CSIRO via the contact details on the Data Shop website. If you are happy to be approached for your advice on how the weather files could be improved, please provide your contact details.

The TMY files have undergone checking and testing and were found to be generally suitable for use on EnergyPlus and IES-VE for modelling commercial buildings in Australia. However the CSIRO and the Department of Industry, Science, Energy and Resources (the department) welcome feedback on the usability and functionality of this weather data for the purposes of designing and testing commercial building performance for:

- Compliance to Section J of the National Construction Code
- NABERS commitment agreements
- Green Star
- HVAC sizing

- Building fabric design
- Thermal comfort assessment

In 2022 the department will set up a technical working group to review the success of this project.

The group will be asked to provide feedback on the ease of access to the weather data, its suitability for use by commercial building modellers and the level of awareness of how to access and use the weather data. The group will also be asked to provide suggestions for improvement.

The department will collate the feedback and liaise with the CSIRO to implement improvements which are agreed by the department.

The dataset is likely to be updated from time to time. This could be due to fixing errors discovered in the data, incorporating new weather data, or other reasons. Older versions of the dataset will still be available if required. The superseded versions will be available in the Data Shop on the same page as the current version, but clearly marked as archived versions.

Table 4 lists all versions of the dataset 'Typical Meteorological Year weather files in .epw format' that have been available in the Data Shop, the date they were added, and the changes made.

Table 4 Data version control – Typical Meteorological Year weather files in .epw format

DATASET ZIP FILE NAME	DATE ADDED TO DATA SHOP	CHANGES
TMYWeatherFilesEpw_20210712.zip	2021-08-13	First version of dataset publicly available

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- NIWA (2017). Creation of NatHERS 2016 Reference Meteorological Years Including Maleny and Christmas Island

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